

# HLS- Physiology

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## Archive

### Lecture 1

#### Blood Composition Function and Viscosity

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## Lecture 1

1) Erythropoietin hormone is produced by?

- a . Liver .b .Spleen .
- d . Liver and kidney .
- e . Bone marrow .

Ans :d

2) reticulocyte index = 18 % and Hct = 15 %. What is the most explanation for this ?

- a . A is anemic but B is not .
- b . The bone marrow of both A and B is not working sufficiently .
- c . A and B are normal .
- d . Bone marrow of A is working sufficiently but B is not .
- e . Bone marrow of anemic B is working sufficiently but bone marrow of anemic A is not .

Ans:e

3) hematopoiesis in adult occur in:

red bone marrow

Medical card .

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date of birth \_\_\_\_\_

Gender \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

Date of call \_\_\_\_\_

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### Lecture 2

#### Iron metabolism and anemia

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## Lecture 2

1- All the following are true about iron deficiency anemia EXCEPT?

- a. Microcytic hypochromic RBCs.
- b. Low hemoglobin.
- c. Low serum iron.
- d. Low serum ferritin.
- e. Low serum soluble transferrin receptors.

Ans : e

2- Anemia associated with low reticulocytes includes all of the following EXCEPT?

- a. Hemolytic anemia.
- b. Iron deficiency anemia.
- c. Vitamin B12 deficiency anemia.
- d. Folic acid deficiency anemia.
- e. Aplastic anemia.

Ans :a

3- values were Hb 11.5 g/dL, Hct 35%, MCV 92 fL and reticulocytes 5%. Total bilirubin and LDH was high. Haptoglobin was low. What is the most likely explanation for this case?

- a. Hemolytic anemia.
- b. Iron deficiency anemia.
- c. B12 deficiency.
- d. Sideroblastic anemia.
- e. Renal failure.

Ans:a

4- One the following not associated with intravascular hemolysis

- A-cold antibody
- B-iron deficiency anemia
- C-hemoglobinemia
- D-Hemosiderinuria
- E-Hemoglobinuria

Ans :a

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## Lecture 2

5 -Anemia with high ferritin and low serum iron and low TIBC?  
-chronic inflammation anemia.

6- Anemia of chronic inflammation :

- A )low FE
- B )low TIBC
- C )microcytic
- D )high ferretin
- E )transfusion therapy

