GASTROINTESTINAL

LAB





Done by:





Strongyloides stercoralis larvae

2. What is the following structure?



Enterobius vermicularis eggs D-shape

3. What is the following structure?



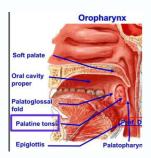
Echinococus granulosus adult

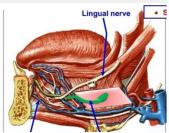
4. What is the following structure?



Trichuris trichiura adult male

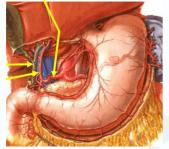
5. What is the following structure?





7. What is the following structure?

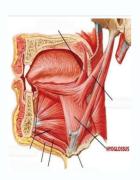
Hepatic artery



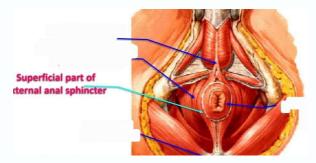
8. What is the following structure?

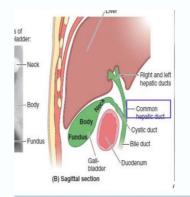


9. What is the following structure?

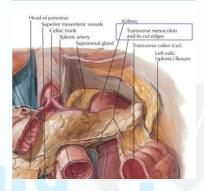


10. What is the following structure?

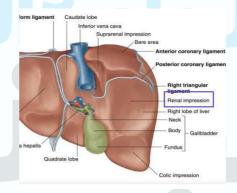




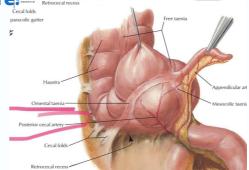
12. What is the following structure?



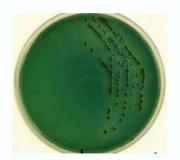
13. What is the following structure?



14.What is the following structure?



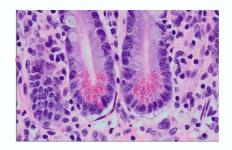
15. What is the following structure?



V. parahemolyticus

16. What is the type of these cell?

Paneth cells

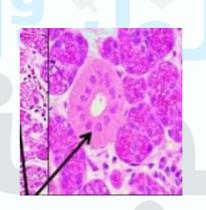


17. What is the following structure?



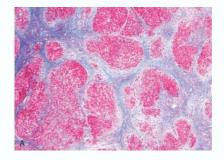
18. What is the type of these gland?

Parotid salivary gland



19. The stain is?

Masson trichrome stain



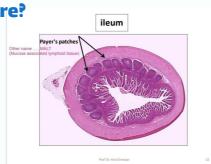
20. What is the following structure?

A.chief cell

B. kupffer cell

C.microfold

D.parietal cell



Answer: c

21. What is the following cancer?

Carcinoid tumor



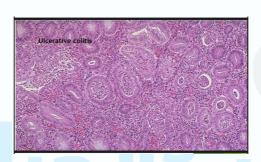


Gross

Microscopic

22. What is the following decease?

Ulcerative colitis



23. What is the following mutation?

SAMAD2



24. What is the following structure?

MacConkey agar



25. What is the following structure?



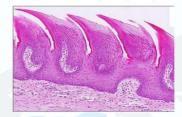
Giardia lamblia Trophozoite



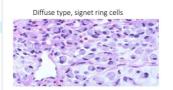
27. What is the following structure?

Filiform papillae

thelium: keratinized stratified squamous epithelium, No tast

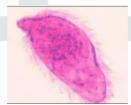


28. What is the following structure?



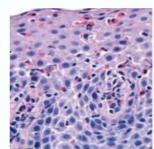
29. What is the following structure?

Miracidium



30. What is the following structure?

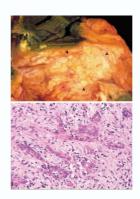
Eosinophilic esophagitis





31. The name of mutation is:

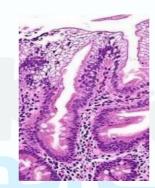
A.NRAS B.KRAS



Answer:b

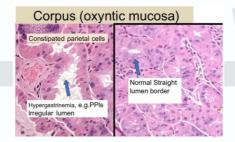
32.The name of disease is:

abetalipoproteinemia.



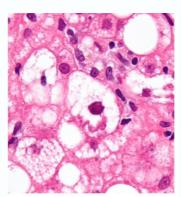
33. What is the cause?

ppi



34.One of the following is true

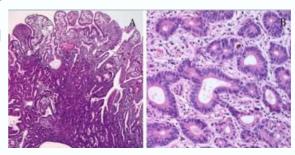
ballooning hepatocyte



Micrograph showing a **Mallory body** with the characteristic *twisted-rope* appearance (centre of image - within a ballooning hepatocyte). H&E stain.

35.One of the following is correct:

A.Risk of adenocarcinoma related to the size (greatest if > 2cm)B.F:M=3:1



Answer:a

36.One of the following will be increased:

A.IDH

B.ALT

C.AST

D.PT



Answer:d

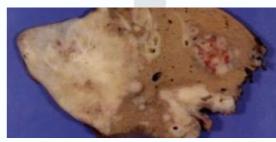
37.One of the following is wrong:

A.infestation by liver flukes

B.chronic inflammatory disease of the large bile ducts (such as primary sclerosing cholangitis), hepatolithiasis.

C.fibropolycystic liver disease.

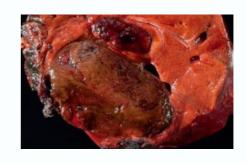
d.chronic hepatitis



Answer:d

38. What is the following structure?

Hepatocellular adenomass



إذا دخل اليقين قلبَ العبد، وتضرَّع إلى الله بالدعوة الصادقة؛ عزَّ على الله أن يتركه في كُربةٍ آلمته، أو يتركه في ضايقته!

- الشنقيطي.

