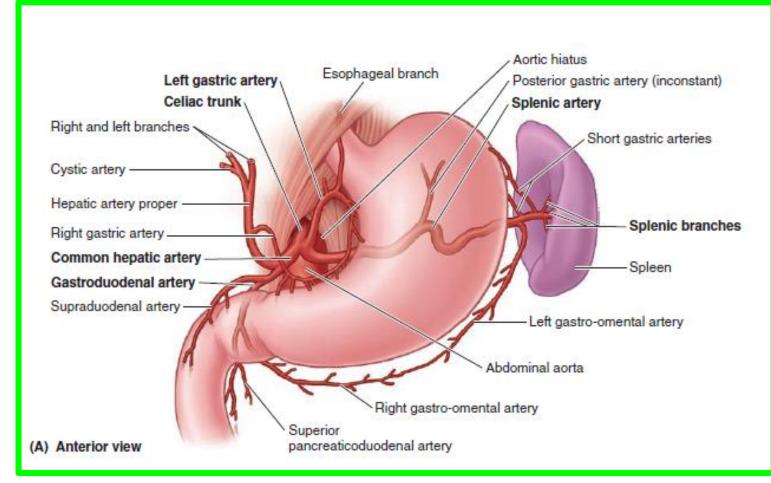
THE BLOOD SUPPLY OF GIT Coeliac Trunk

Dr. Aiman Qais Afar Surgical Anatomist College of Medicine / University of Mutah 2023-2024

□ This is the artery of the foregut.

\*\* Origin: from the front of the abdominal aorta at the level of the T12. \*\* Course: it is a very short and wide arterial trunk, about one cm long.

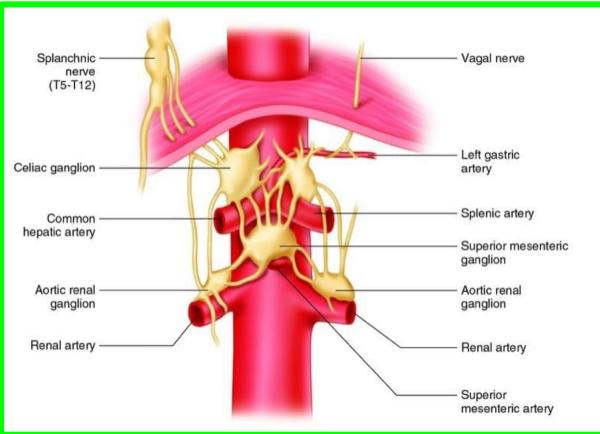
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#### **\*\* Relations:**

- On the right side: 1) Right crus of diaphragm
- On the left side: 1) Left crus of diaphragm.
- Anteriorly: lesser sac.

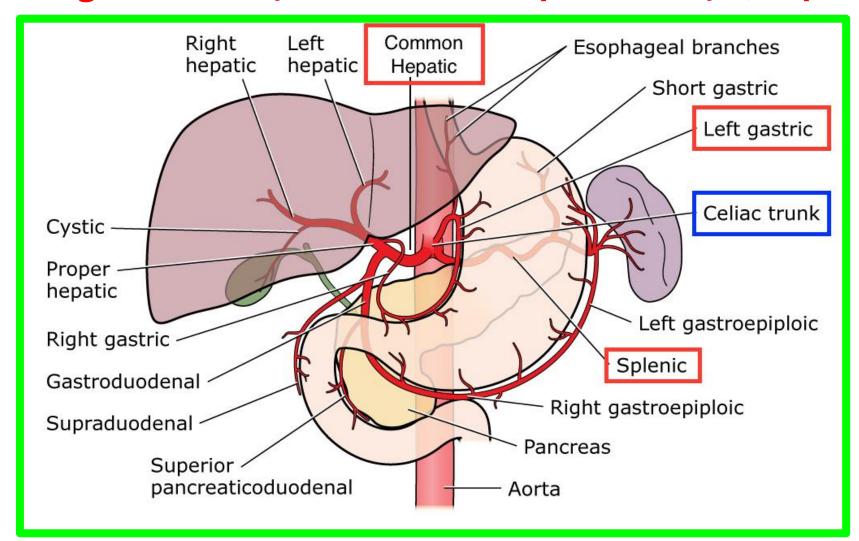


2) Right coeliac ganglion.2) Left coeliac ganglion.

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#### **\*\*** Branches: 1. Left gastric artery. 2. Common Hepatic artery. 3. Splenic artery.



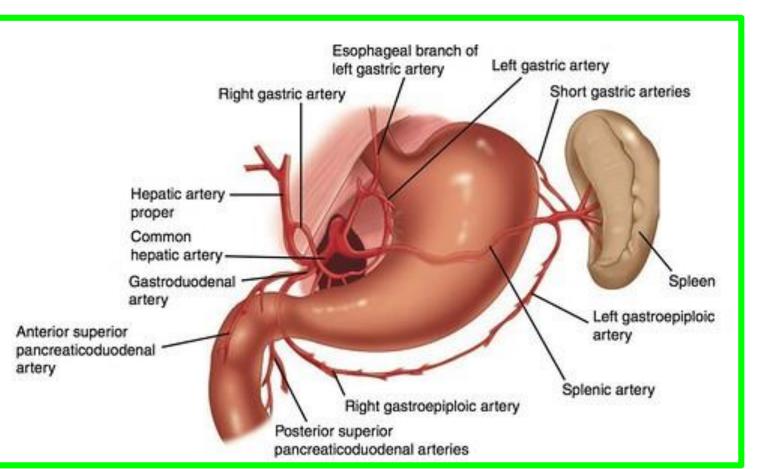
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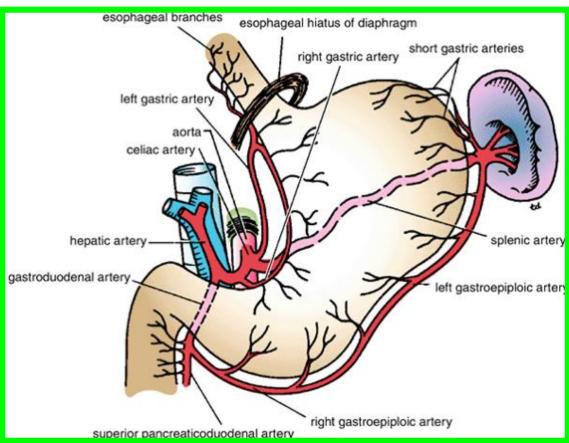
\*\* Origin: this is the smallest branch of the coeliac trunk.
 \*\* Course: it ascends upwards and to the left behind the lesser sac to reach the lower end of the esophagus.

Then, it descends along the lesser curvature of the stomach between the two layers of the lesser omentum.

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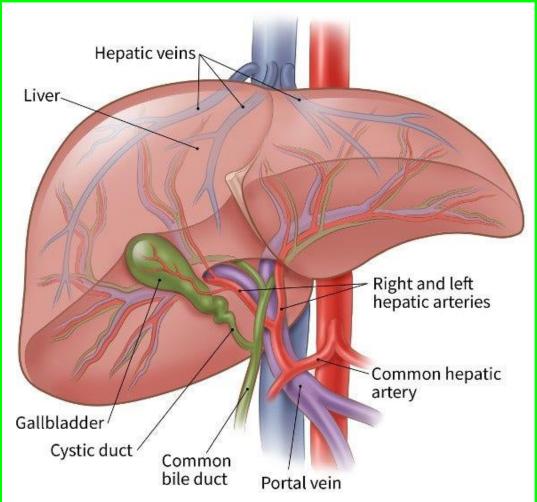


- \*\* Ends: by anastomosing with the right gastric artery.\*\* Branches:
  - **1. Esophageal branches** to the lower end of the esophagus.
  - 2. Gastric branches to both surfaces of the stomach.

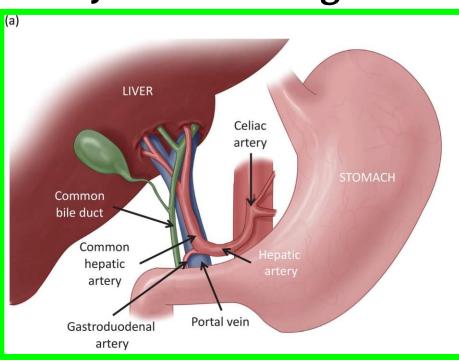


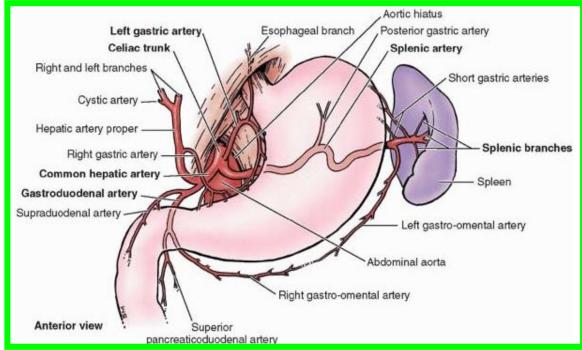
\*\* Origin: this is the medium branch of the coeliac trunk. \*\* Course: it passes forwards and to the right to reach the upper surface of the first part of the duodenum.

It ascends in the right free margin of the lesser omentum to the porta hepatis (anterior to the portal vein and to the left of the common bile duct).



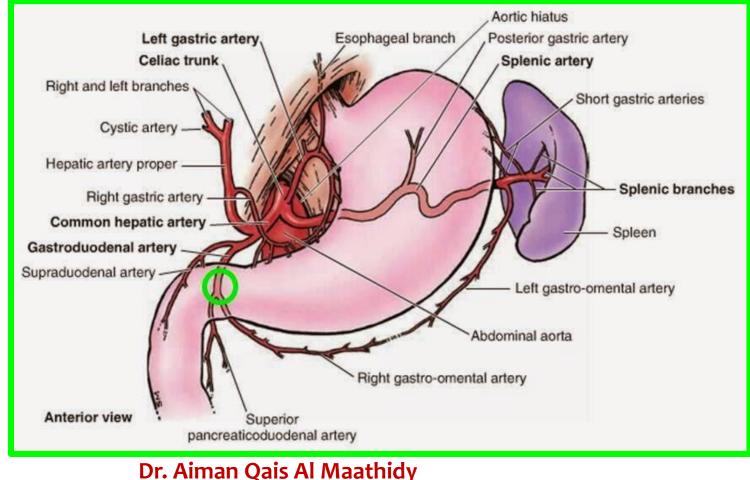
- \*\* Termination: by dividing into right and left hepatic branches.\*\* Branches:
- 1- Right gastric artery:
- ✓ runs on the lesser curvature of the stomach.
- ✓ It supplies the duodenum and stomach.
- $\checkmark~$  It ends by an astomosing with left gastric artery.





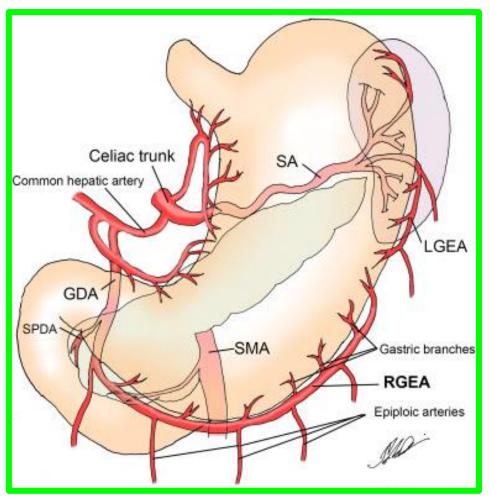
#### 2. Common Hepatic Artery

2- Gastroduodenal artery: descends behind the first part of the duodenum (on the left side of the common bile duct and in front of portal vein).
✓ It divides into two terminal branches



2- Gastroduodenal artery:

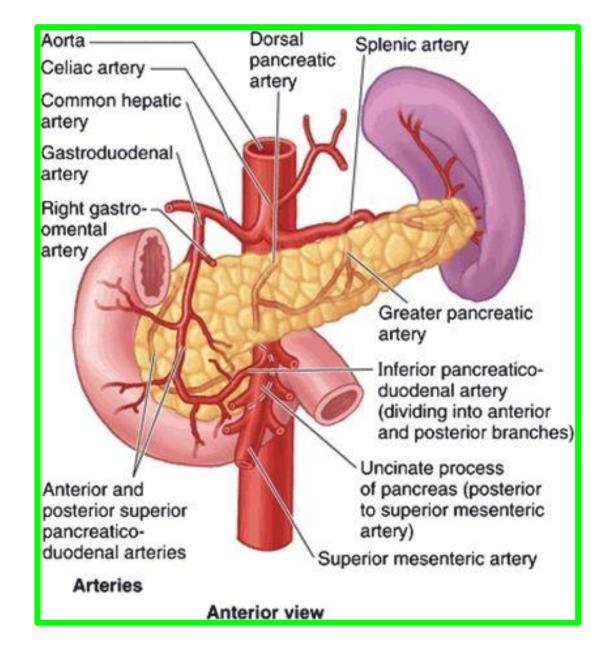
**A.** Right gastroepiploic artery runs along the greater curvature of the stomach. It ends by anastomosing with the left gastro-epiploic artery.





2. Hepatic Artery

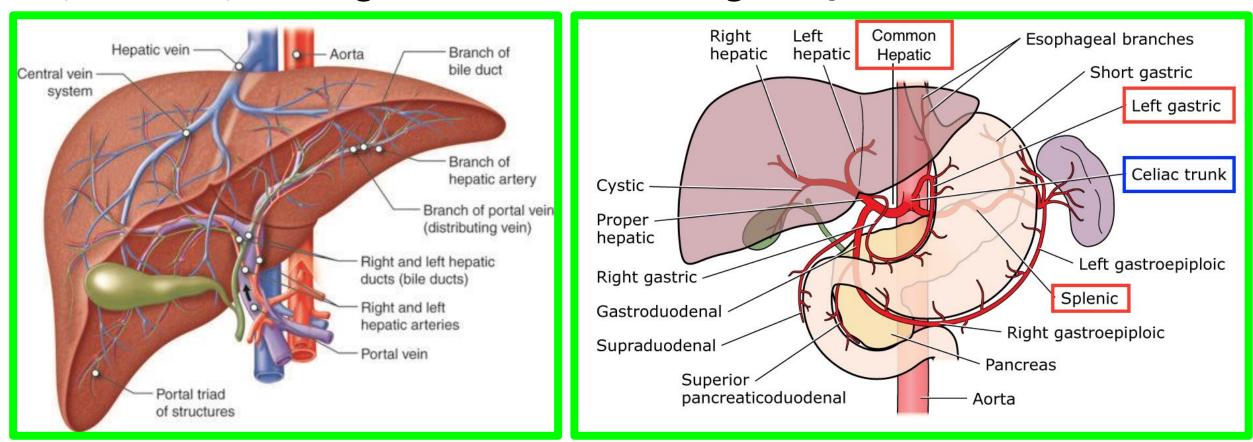
- runs between the duodenum and head of pancreas.
- ✓ It supplies the duodenum and head of pancreas.
- ✓ It ends by anastomosing with the inferior pancreaticoduodenal artery



## Coeliac Trunk 2. Common Hepatic Artery

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Supraduodenal artery to the first part of the duodenum.
 Left terminal hepatic branch to the left lobe of the liver,
 Right terminal hepatic branch to the right lobe of the liver.
 Cystic artery to the gall bladder from the right hepatic branch

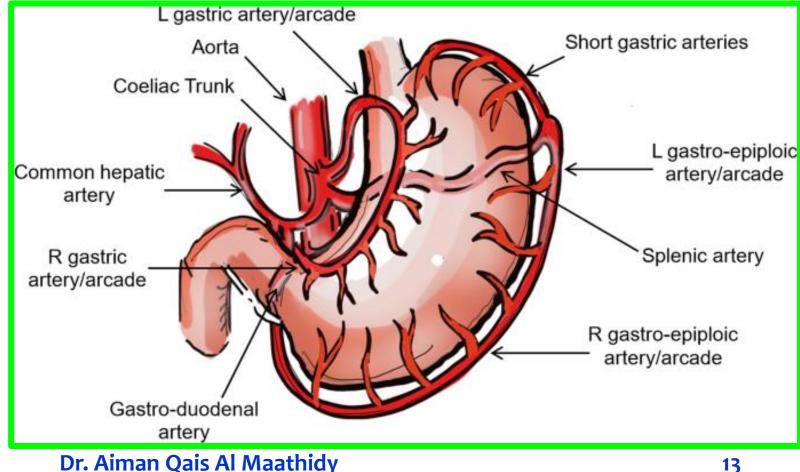


#### 2. Common Hepatic Artery

#### **\*\*** Applied anatomy;

- 1. If the hepatic artery is ligated proximal to the origin of its right gastric branch
- A collateral circulation to the liver through Left gastric, splenic and superior

mesenteric arteries.



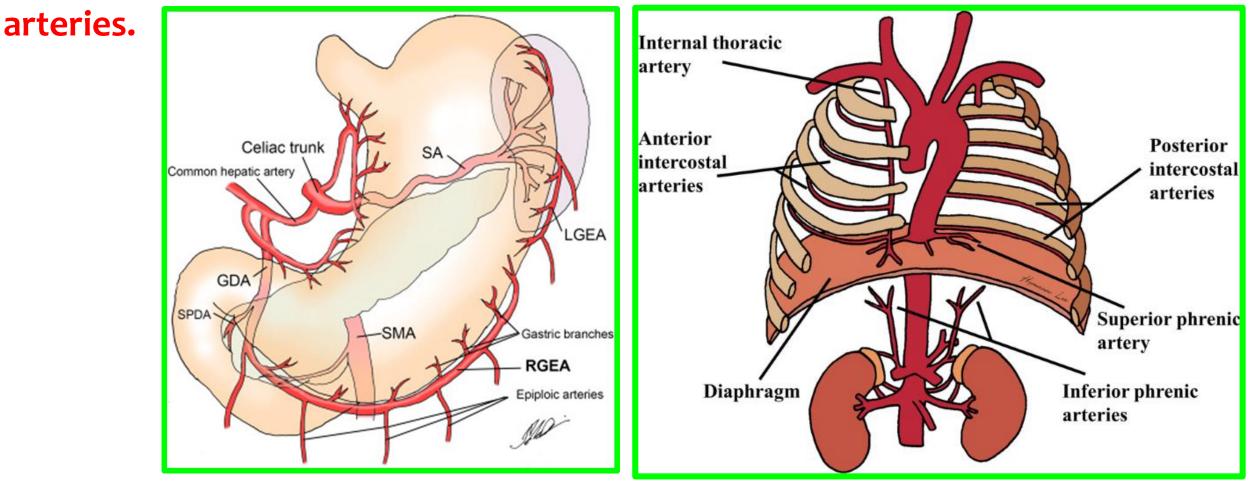
## Coeliac Trunk 2. Common Hepatic Artery

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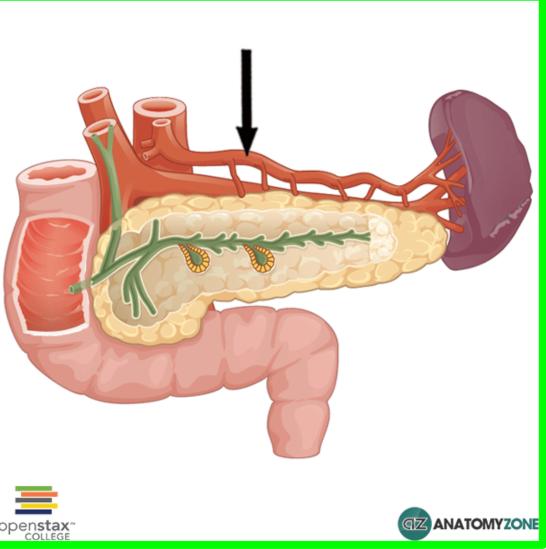
2. If the hepatic artery is ligated distal to the origin of gastroduodenal branch, hepatic necrosis commonly occurs.

- A collateral circulation to the liver is only carried by the inferior phrenic





\*\* Origin: it is the largest branch of the coeliac trunk because the functions of the spleen.

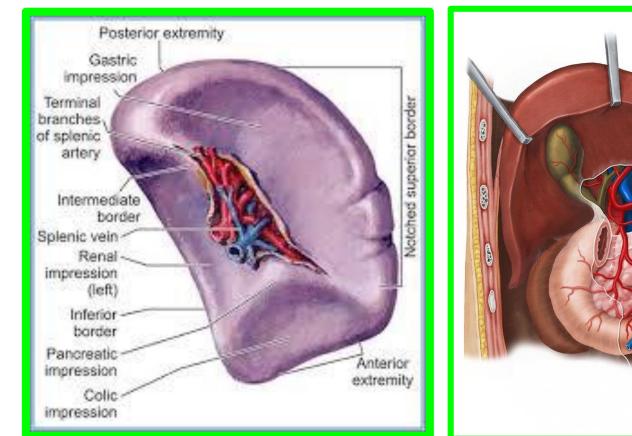


# Coeliac Trunk 3. Splenic Artery

**\*\* Course:** It runs a tortuous horizontal course to the left along the upper border of the pancreas behind the lesser sac.

- It passes in front of the left kidney to enter into the lienorenal ligament.
- $\checkmark$  It ends in the hilum of the spleen by dividing into terminal (5-6) splenic branches.

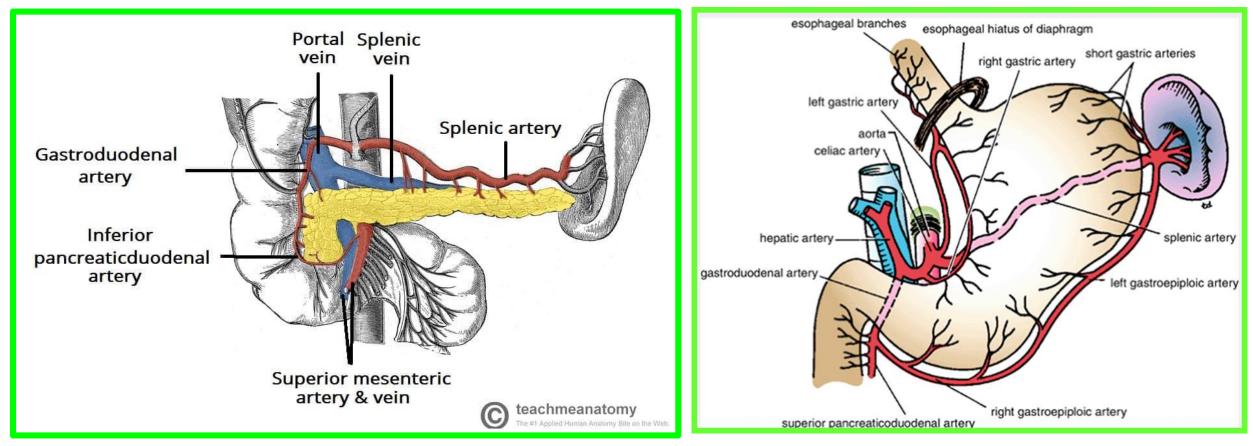






#### \*\* Branches

- 1. Pancreatic branches: small branches to the pancreas.
- 2. Short gastric arteries to the fundus of the stomach.

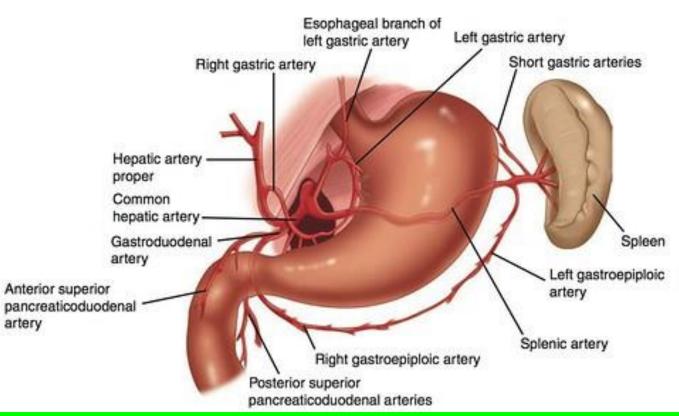


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\*\* Branches

3. Left gastroepiploic artery: runs along the greater curvature of the stomach. It ends by anastomosing with the right gastro-epiploic artery.
4. Terminal splenic branches (5 to 6 branches) which pass into the hilum of the spleen.



# Coeliac Trunk 3. Splenic Artery

Why the splenic artery is tortuous in its course?

Protects the artery during gastric distention and splenic enlargement.
 Slows the rate of blood flow to the spleen.

