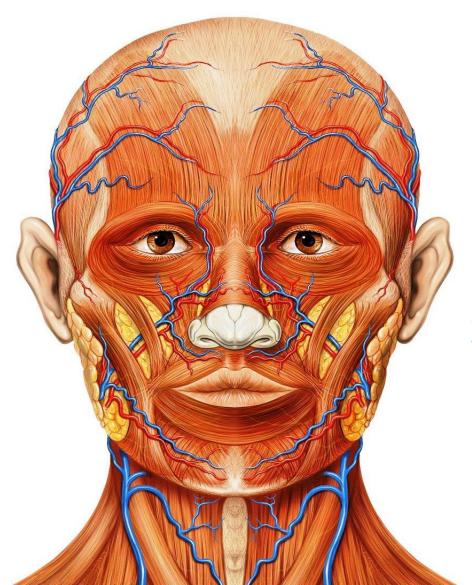
FACE 2



BY

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ANATOMY & EMBRYOLOGY

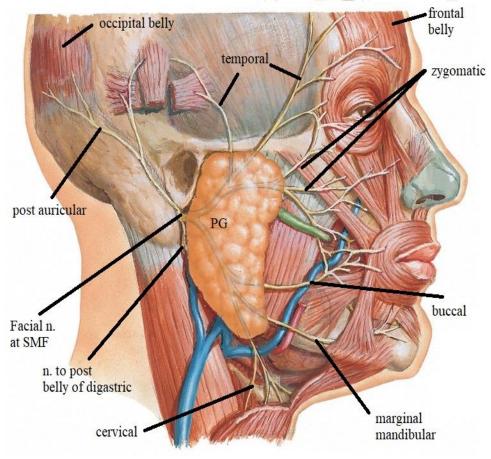
MUTAH UNIVERSITY

MOTOR SUPPLY THE FXCE

Motor supply = Facial nerve (extra cranial part) **Course & Relations:**

- Leaves the skull through the stylomastoid foramen
- Passes lateral to the base of the styloid process
- Enters the parotid gland where it lies superficial to:
 - retromandibular V.
 - ext. carotid art.
- Ends in 5 terminal branches





Motor supply = Facial nerve (extra cranial part)

Branches:

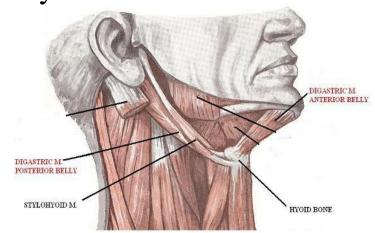
Before the Parotid gland

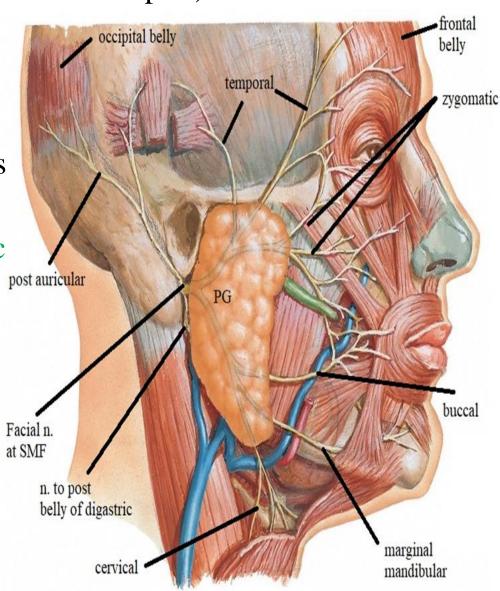
• posterior auricular n.

occipital belly of occipitofrontalis auricularis posterior

Nerve to post belly of digastric

Posterior belly of the digastric Stylohyoid





Motor supply = Facial nerve (extra cranial part)

Branches:

Inside the Parotid gland

Temporal branch

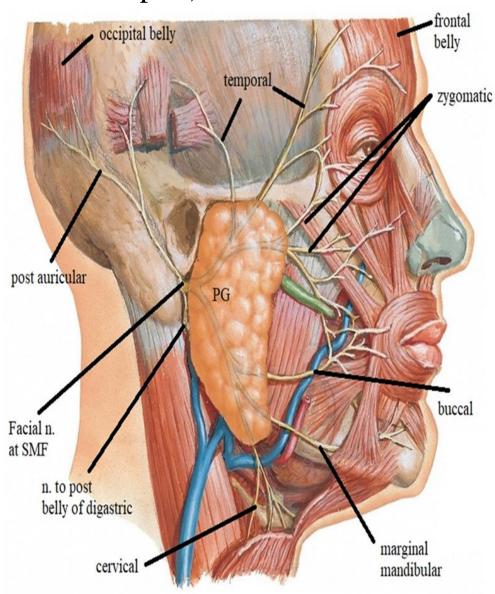
Upper part of orbicular is oculi (upper eye lid)

Frontal belly of occipitofrontalis Auricularis anterior and superior

• Zygomatic branch

Lower part of orbicular is oculi (lower eye lid)

Muscles of nose.



Motor supply = Facial nerve (extra cranial part)

Branches:

Inside the Parotid gland

Buccal branches

Multiple (usually 2) Upper part of orbicularis oris (upper lip)

Buccinator

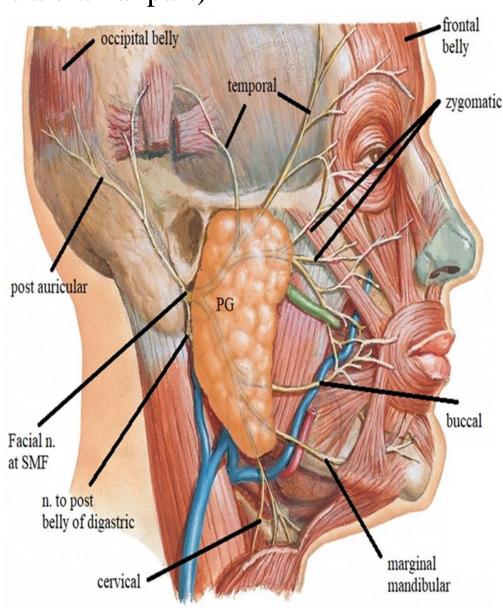
Marginal mandibular branch

Lower part of orbicularis oris (lower lip)

Muscles of chin

Cervical branch

Platysma



Motor supply = Facial nerve (extra cranial part)

Injury of facial nerve

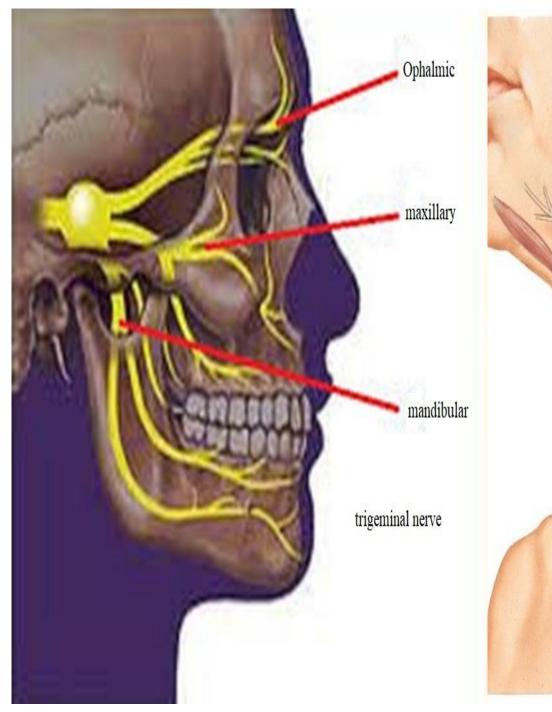
e.g. in parotid surgery leads to Paralysis of muscles of face in the same side of lesion, with the following features

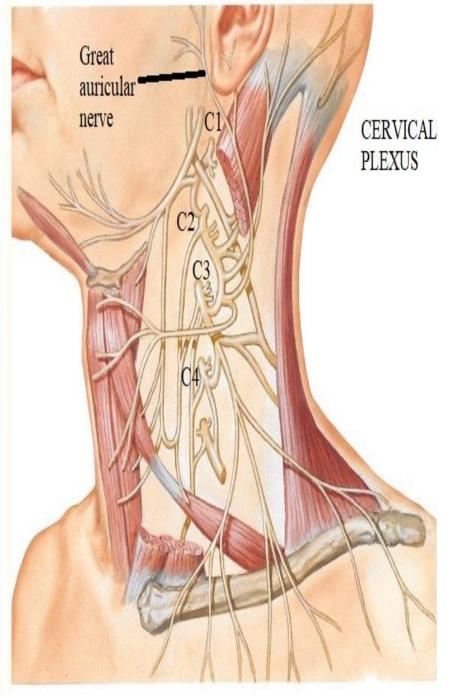
- Inability to raise eye brow
- inability to close the eye lacrimation
- inability to blow accumulation of food in vestibule of mouth during mastication.

deviation of mouth to normal side in facial n. palsy

- inability to whistle & drippling of saliva from the mouth
- in laughing or showing the teeth the mouth deviates to the normal side

SENSORY SUPPLY THE FXCE



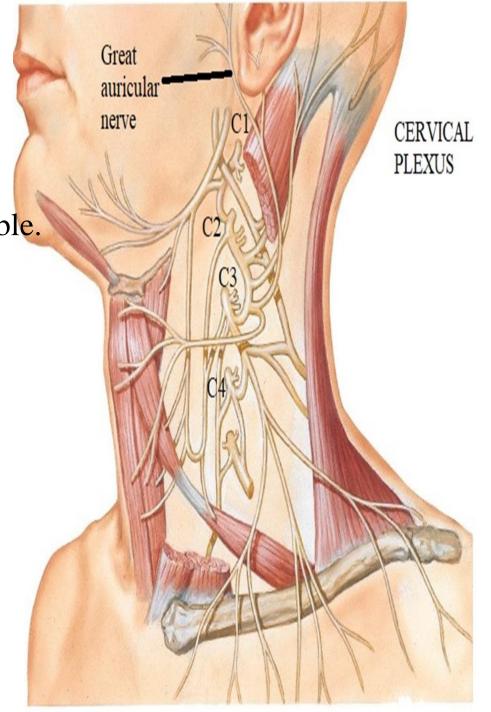


Sensory supply

Cervical plexus (VR C2&3)

great auricular nerve

skin on parotid & angle of mandible.



Sensory supply

Trigeminal nerve

Ophthalmic

1-supratrochlear:-

2-supraorbital:

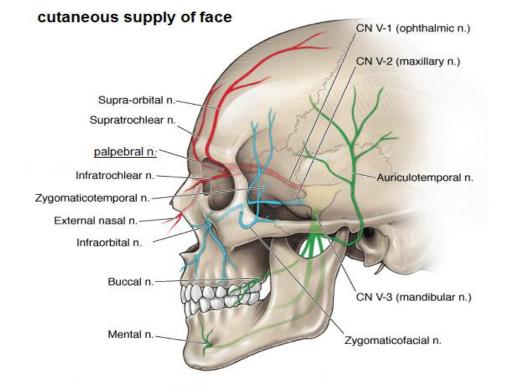
3-palpebral br. of lacrimal n.:

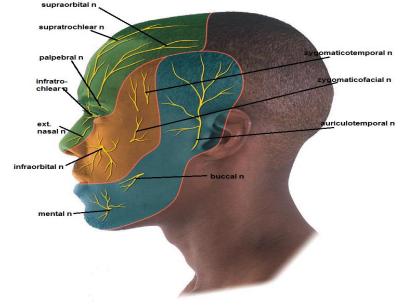
4-Infratrochlear:

5-ext. nasal:

these branches supply

- 1- the forehead,
- 2- the upper eyelid
- 3- the dorsum of the nose including the tip.





Sensory supply

Trigeminal nerve

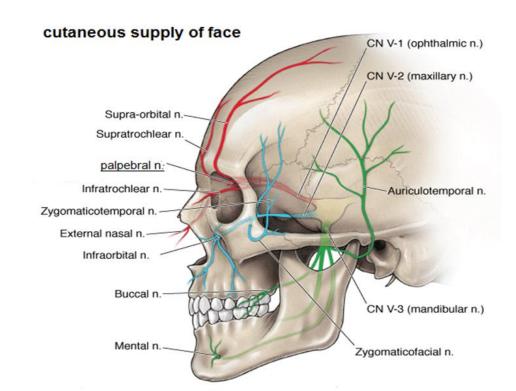
Maxillary

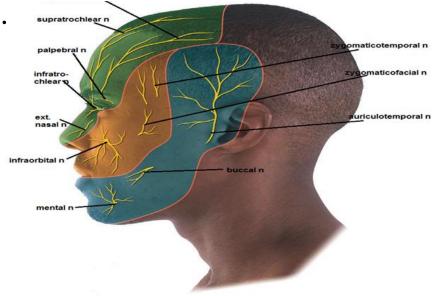
- 1-zygomticotemporal
- 2-zygomaticofacial

3-infraorbital

These branches supplies

- 1- the lateral side of the orbital opening.
- 2- the lower eyelid,
- 3- the side of the nose including the ala
- 4- the cheek,
- 5- the upper lip,



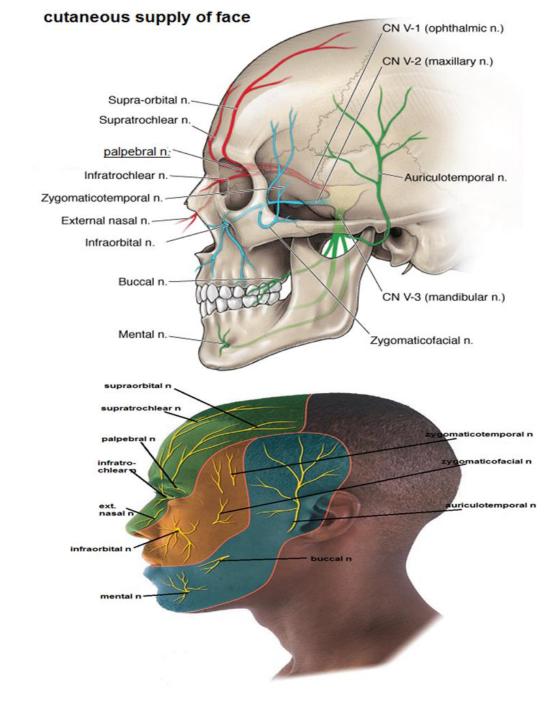


Sensory supply

Trigeminal nerve

Mandibular

- 1- auriculotemporal
- 2- buccal
- 3- mental
- these branches supply
- 1- the temporal region,
- 2- part of the auricle.
- 3- the lower part of the face,
- 4- the lower lip,



Sensory supply

Trigeminal nerve

Trigeminal neuralgia:

- -lesion in trigeminal n. usually affecting maxillary and mandibular parts
- -it is of unknown cause
- -presents with attacks of severe stabbing pain on face . usually triggerd by touching the face , brushing the teeth or loughing

THANQ