

MSS Final Exam

دفعة نبض ١٩ ٢٠٢

3) A 70-year-old women has a lesion on the right side of his face On examination, the 1.5-cm lesion has regular borders, regular brown to black pigmentation The lesion is resected and microscopically shows nests of melanocytic cells without prominent red nucleoli Which of the following mutated genes is most likely to be present in the skin lesion of this man? Select one:
A. Melanocytic nevi. 🗸 🗸 🗸
B. Squamous cell carcinoma
C. Linchen plannus
D. Melanoma
E. Basal cell carcinoma
4) The most common soft tissue tumor in children is?
Select one:
A. Pleomorphic fibroblastic sarcoma.
B. Liposarcoma

38) All the following are characteristics of chondromas, except?

C. The most common location is the pelvis. \checkmark

A. They usually are diagnosed in persons the ages of 20 and 50 years.

D. Ollier disease and Maffucci syndrome are characterized by multiple

62) Which of the following soft tissue Sarcoma shows a characteristic t(X;18)

E. Solitary chondromas rarely undergo malignant transformation.

C. Dermatofibroma

E. Synovial sarcoma.

Select one:

chondromas

D. RhaMomyosarcoma 🗸 🗸 🗸

B. They typically are solitary.

translocation? Select one:

- A. Dermatofibroma.
- B. Synovial sarcoma. 🗸 🗸 🗸
- C. Pleomorphic fibroblastic sarcoma.
- D. Liposarcoma.
- E. Rhabdomyosarcoma.
- 72) One of the following neoplasm can be detected by myogenin and MYOD-I immunhistochemical stains?

Select one:

- A. Pleomorphic fibroblastic sarcoma.
- B. Dermatofibroma.
- C. Liposarcoma.
- D. Synovial sarcoma.
- E. Rhabdomyosarcoma 🗸 🗸 🗸
- 76) A 26-year-old man has complained of a left arm On physical examination. a 4- cm area Of the lateral upper left arm exhibits swelling and redness with pain on palpation. A radiograph of the left arm shows no fracture. Three months later, there now is a 2-cm, painful, well-circumscribed, subcutaneous mass at the site of the original injury. A radiograph shows a solid soft-tissue mass. Which of the following lesions is most likely to be present?

Select one:

- A. Superficial fibromatosis
- B. Lipoma
- C. Malignant fibrous histiocytoma
- D. Nodular fasciitis 🗸 🗸 🗸
- E. Organizing abscess

