## **BIOSTATISTICS**

## MED EXAM WATEEN BATCH

إعداد :



A distribution of 6 scores has a median of 21. If the highest score increases 3 points, the median will become?
 Select one:

 a. 24
 b. Cannot be determined without additional information.
 c. 18
 d. 21.5

2) If the Sample size equal to 100 teacher, and the mean systolic blood pressure equal to 140 mmHg, and the standard deviation equal to 10. So, the percentile ranks of a teacher whose blood pressure equal to 140 mmHg is?

## Select one:

a. 25th

e. 21

b. 40th

c. 95th

d. 50th

e. 70<sup>th</sup>

- 3) All the following about discrete quantitative values are true EXCEPT?
- a. Mathematical operations can be applied to it
- b. Its value not necessarily to be an integer
- c. Possessing an interval data
- d. Heart rate is an example of this data
- e. Obtained by counting
  - 4) Reject the null hypothesis while it is true?
- a. Type I error (Alpha Error)
- b. A correct decision
- c. Type II Error (Beta Error)
- d. information is not enough to decide
- e. Power of the study



5)	· ·
Select	one:
a. it c	an be used for normal and abnormal values in medicine
b. Me	an, median and mode are identical
c. All	the variable distributed in area under the curve in a homogenous form
d. It i	s bell shaped
e. It i	s bimodal
6)	The standard error is affected?
a. Ind	irectly by the variance of the data
b. Dir	ectly by the Variance of the data
c. Dir	ectly by the sample size
d. No	t affected by sample size
e. Dir	ectly by the sample mean
7)	Characteristics of a population are called _, while those of a sample are termed _?
a. Sta	ristics; Measures
b. De	scriptive; inferential
c. Sta	tistics; Parameters
d. Pa	rameters; Statistics
e. Sta	tistics; Variables
8)	In normal distribution curve. the area more than i 2 SD is?
Select	one:
a. 689	6
b. 5%	
c. 999	6
d. 34	6
e. 95	6
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9)	The area under the standard normal curve between mean and minus 3 standard deviations is?
Select	
a. 49.7	
b. 81.9	
c. 2.1	
d. 34.1	
e. 27.2	. %
10	You would like to see whether your colleague weight was differ from general population. The colleague weights are normally distributed; the average population weight is 70kg. The sample size=100, the sample mean=75, and the 50:20. (2-sided, Set alpha=0.05). So the calculated value of t test is?
a. 1.40	ı
b. 0.15	j.
c. 3.05	
d. 2.75	
e. 2.50	
11	For a symmetrical distribution, the mean and median are?
a. Alwa	ys different
b. Pos	sibly the same, possibly different
c. Insu	fficient information to decide
d. Pre	set at equal distances on opposite sides of the mode
e. Equ	als
12	The proportion of area under normal curve between 2 equal to -O.3 and the mean is?
Select	one:
a. 50 %	, 6
b. 39.2	1 %
c. 11.7	9 %
d. 61.7	'9 %
e. Can	't be calculated

13	) Accept the null hypothesis while it is true?
а. Тур	e I error (Alpha Error)
b. A c	orrect decision
c. Pov	ver of the study
d. Info	ormation is not enough to decide
е. Тур	e II Error (Beta Error)
14	) Increasing the frequencies in the tails of a distribution will?
a. Not	affect the standard deviation as long as the increases are balanced on each side of the mean
b. No	affect the standard deviation
c. Rec	uce the standard error
d. Inc	rease the standard deviation
e. Red	luce the standard deviation
a. p = 0 b. p = c. p =	) If alpha level (a) set to be 0.01 then the test considered to be statistically not significant when?  0.009  0.004  0.001  0.005  0.020  ) What is the median for the following data: 2, 7, 50, 14, 2, 50, 34, 50, 12, 39,40?  one:
d. p =	0.005
e. p =	0.020
16	) What is the median for the following data: 2, 7, 50, 14, 2, 50, 34, 50, 12, 39,40?
Select	one:
a. 7	
b. 50	
c. 34	
d. 2	الحراحة والمنافقة والمنافق
e. 14	Yin i

- 17) A distribution with a tail that goes to the right is called?
- a. Positively Skewed
- b. Little Kurtosis
- c. Unimodal
- d. Large kurtosis
- e. Negatively Skewed
  - 18) Confidence interval is calculated by using?
- a. The mean and its standard error
- b. The mean and its standard deviation
- c. The median and its stander deviation
- d. The median and the range
- e. The mean and the range
  - 19) The following data are the weights of under-five children in Kgs: 3, 7, 4, 6, 2, 8, 19. Half (50%) of the values in a distribution are?
- a. Between the mode and the lowest value
- b. Between Q (1) and Q (3)
- c. Included in the range
- cl. Between the mode and the highest value
- e. Between the mean and mode
  - 20) Which of the following is among the advantages of arithmetic mean?
- a. It is not necessarily to be a unique
- b. It is not affected by extreme values
- c. It is the most commonly used measure of central tendency in statistical analysis
- d. It can be used with all types of variables
- e. It is not affected by skewed data



- 21) In a group of 12 scores, the largest score is increased by 36 points. What effect will this have on the mean of the scores?
- a. It will remain unchanged
- b. There is no way of knowing exactly how many points the mean will be increased.
- c. It will increase by 36 points
- d. It will be increased by 12 points
- e. It will be increased by 3 points
  - 22) A standardized biostatistics test was carried on two classes (A and B). The marks showed; Class A had a standard deviation of 2.4, while class 8 had a standard deviation of 1.2 on the same test. What can be said about these two classes?
- a. Class B marks are less heterogeneous than Class A
- b. Class B did less well on the test than class A.
- c. Class A marks are more homogeneous than class B
- d. It is not possible to give an idea
- e. Class A performed twice as well on the test as Class B
  - 23) The median is?
- a. The values that occurs most frequently in a set of data
- b. a measure of variation
- c. It is the sum of all observation divided by number of observations
- d. It is the middle value in ordered array data
- e. The difference between the largest and the smallest value of observations
  - 24) You would like to see whether your colleague weight was differ from general population. The colleague weights are normally distributed; the average population weight is 70kg. The sample size=100, the sample mean=75, and the SD=20. (2-sided, Set alpha=0.05). So, the decision to be taken according to your calculated value (t) is to?
- a. Accept the null hypothesis
- b. Reject the alternative hypothesis
- c. Fail to reject the null hypothesis
- d. Can't be determined and need more information
- e. Accept the alternative hypothesis



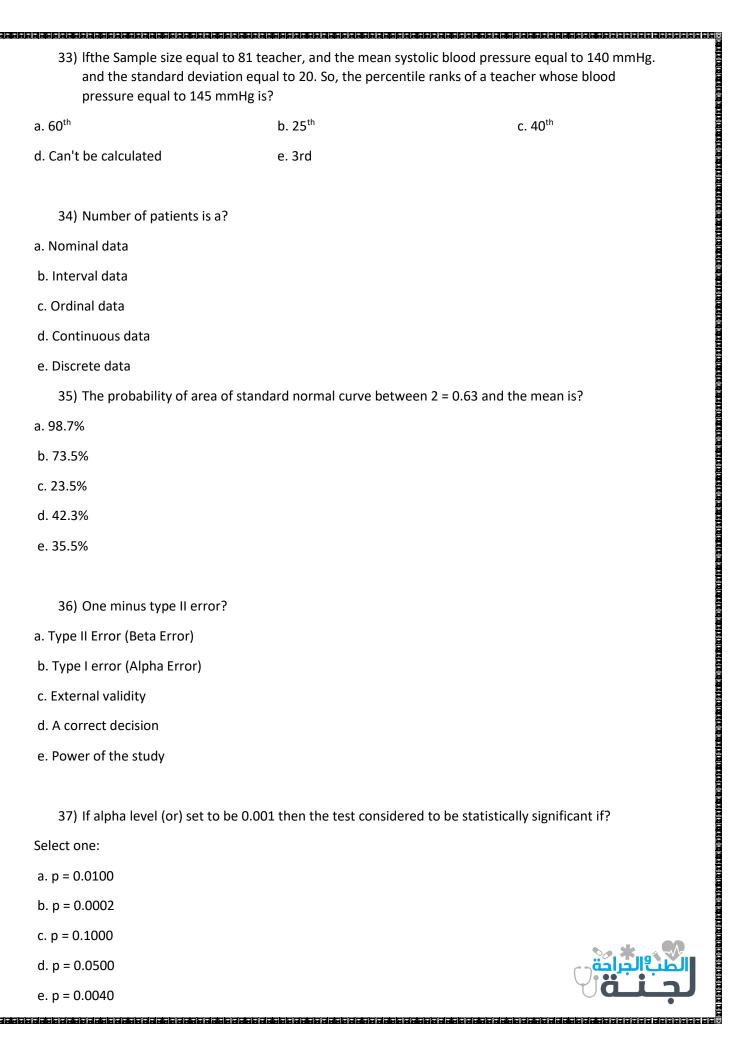
25) If the Sample size equal to 100 teacher, and the mean systolic blood pressure equal to 140 mmHg, and the standard deviation equal to 10. So, what is the approximate systolic blood pressure for Q3 in this sample?

pressure for Q3 in this sample?
ect one:
117.8
146.7
725
133.3
183.2
103.2
26) The mean Systolic blood pressure, of 100 teachers is 110 :10 mmHg. The standard error equal?
10
11
100
110
27) Obtaining sound generalized information about population depending on the evidence of the sample is termed ?
Presentation of data
Descriptive biostatistics
Confidence interval
Inferential biostatistics
Collection of data
28) Standard deviation of the sampling distribution of averages (means) called?
<i>M</i> ean
Sampling error
/ariance
Standard Error



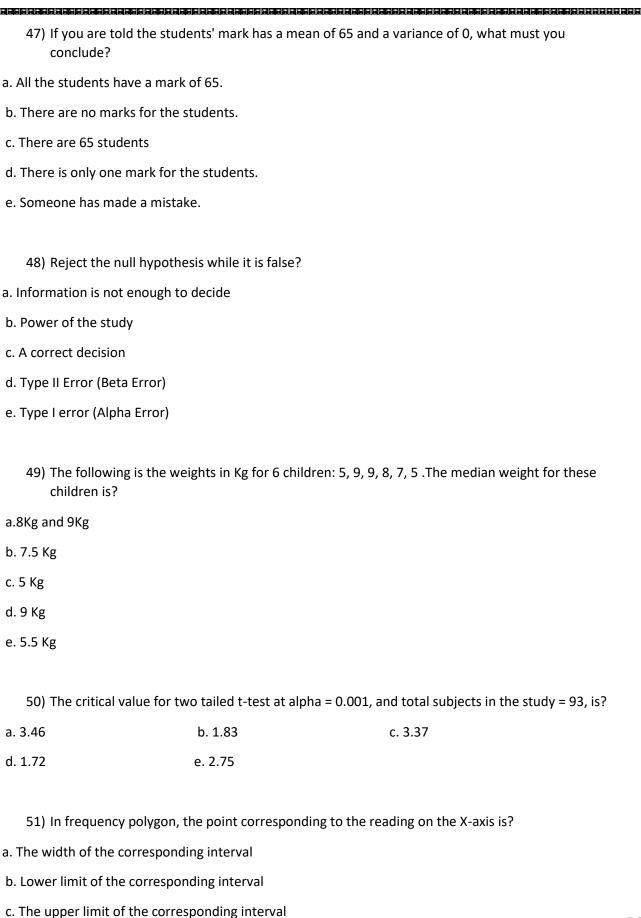
- 29) A 95% confidence interval for a population mean will be \_ a 99% confidence interval for the same population means. (Both calculations are based on the same set of data?
- a. Longer than
- b. No decision can be given
- c. Shorter than
- d. It depends on the particular set of data
- e. The same length as
  - 30) Standard deviation is the measure of?
- a. Deviation from mean value
- b. Value with a highest frequency
- c. Chance
- d. Central tendency
- e. Difference between highest and lowest values
  - 31) Covering 95% of the population mean under the normal distribution curve we have to?
- a. Move 1.96 SD above and 1.96 SD below the mean
- b. Move 25.0 above and 2SD below the mean
- c. Move one S.D above and one S.D below the mean
- d. Move 1.96 SD above and one S.D below the mean
- e. Move 2.58 SD above and 2.58 SD below the mean
  - 32) The critical value for two tailed t-test at, alpha = 0.05, and total subjects in the study = 31, is?
- a. 2.75
- b. 3.82
- c. 1.72
- d. 2.04
- e. 2.83





38)	A normal distribution curve is determined by the?
a. The r	ange and sample size
b. The	mean and sample size
c. The i	mean and stander deviation
d. The	mean and range
e. The	mean and median of the above
39)	The area under the standard normal curve between 1 and 2 standard deviations (both sides) in the population is?
a. 13.6	%
b. 27.2	%
c. 95 %	
d. 47.7	%
e. 34.1	%
	1000 students in Jordanian university took a standardized test that is normally distributed and has a mean of 350 and a variance of 225: Sara scored 342. What is the percentile rank of Sara?
	not be determined
<ul><li>b. 70th</li><li>c. 10th</li></ul>	
d. 50th	
e. 30 <sup>th</sup>	
	In a test of physics the following set of scores was obtained: 4, 6, 8, 9,11, 13, 16, 24, 24, 24, 26. The teacher computed all of the descriptive indices of central tendency and variability on these data, and then discovered that an error was made, and one of the 24's is actually an 18. Which of the following indices will be changed from the original computation?
a. Medi	an
b. Mod	e
c. Freq	uency
d. Stan	dard deviation
e. Rang	je
	الجراحة

42) Accept the nu	Ill hypothesis while it is false?			
a. Type II Error (Beta I	Error)			
b. Type I error (Alpha	Error)			
c. A correct decision				
d. Power of the study	1			
e. Information is not	enough to decide			
43) The area und	er the normal curve between r	mean and minus 2 standard deviations is?		
a. 81.9 %	b. 2.1 %	c. 47.7 %		
d. 34.1%	e. 27.2 %			
	100 women, their mean weigh lowing is true?	nt of is 60 kg. The standard deviation is :25 kg. Which		
a. 99% of all women v	veight between 55 and 65 kg			
b. 68% of all women	weight between 55 and 65 kg			
c. 95% of all women	weight between 55 and 65 kg			
d. 95% of all women	weight between 57.5- and 62.5	5kg		
e. 99% of all women	eight between 57.5- and 62.5k	sg -		
45) Which is INCO	DRRECT statement about the sy	ymmetrical distribution?		
a. The tail of a distrib	ution indicates the type of skev	wness		
b. If a distribution is a	asymmetrical it is considered to	o be skewed		
c. The symmetry of v	ariation is indicated by skewne	ess		
d. A symmetrical dist	ribution has no skewness			
e. Mean equal zero, s	standard deviation equal one			
		30 primary school children, one child had a score t is the percentile rank of this child?		
a. 25th				
b. 44th				
c. 75th				
d. 90th		ه ماله		
e. Can't be calculated				



d. The midpoint of the corresponding interval

e. The frequency of each interval



- 52) Which of the following is not true about the mode?
- a. It not practically be used in the continuous data
- b. It can be used for all types of data
- c. It is the observation that has the highest frequency
- d. It is possible to have two or more modes for the same data
- e. It Is not affected by extreme values
  - 53) Which one of the following statements is INCORRECT regarding frequency distributions?
- a. Always there is a termination or end for quantitative continuous data
- b. Measurements are like fingerprints, no two are exactly alike
- c. Continuous distributions are formed because everything in the world that can be measured varies to some degree
- d. The more precise the instrument, the more variation will be detected
- e. The degree of variation will depend on the precision of the measuring instrument used
  - 54) Variation in the results of sampling in the same population is called?
- a. Sampling error
- b. Coefficient of variance
- c. None of the above
- d. Standard error
- e. Range
  - 55) In a sample of 520 pregnant women who gained weight during pregnancy, the mean was 2.5 Kgs, the median was 3.75 K95 and mode was 2.1 Kgs. The curve for this data will be?

## Select one:

- a. There is no enough information to describe the curve
- b. A Uniform curve
- c. Symmetrical
- d. Skewed to the right
- e. Skewed to the left

